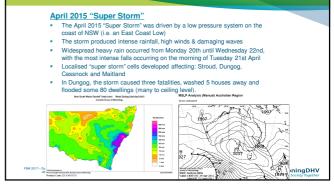


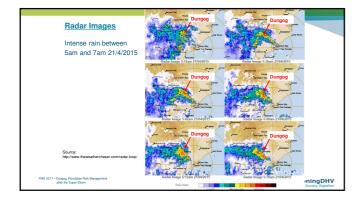
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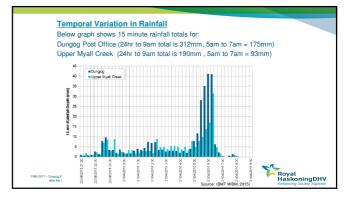


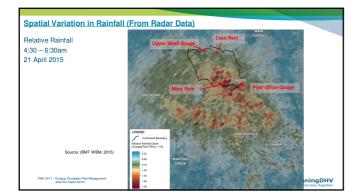
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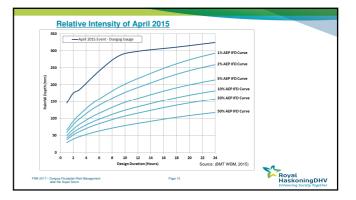




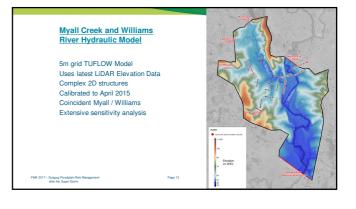


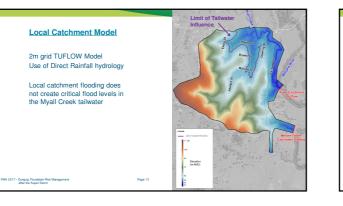


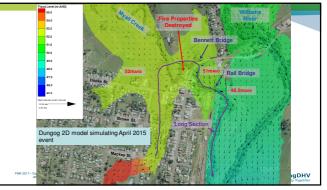


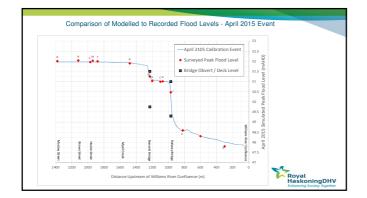


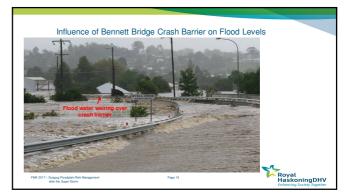
Re	elative Intensity	of April 2015			
Co	mparison of Reco	rded Dungog Rain	fall to Design IFD	data	
	Duration	Recorded (mm)	Design (ARR87) 100 yr ARI IFD (mm)	Design (2016) 100 yr ARI IFD (mm)	
	1-hour	146	67	77	
	2-hour	176	93	96	
	6-hour	241	157	142	
	9-hour	284	190	168	
	The design, (critical while the observed, Based on design r event	duration (9hr)), 500 9hr total was 15% (ainfall, the supersto	arly double the desig yr ARI rainfall is esti 37mm) higher. rm likely to be in the	mated to be 247mm	
	The 1hr PMP for Du codplain Risk Management upper Storm		ge 11		Royal TaskoningD





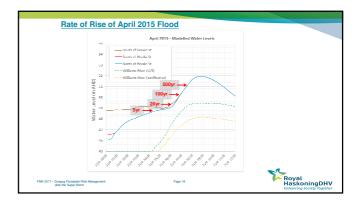






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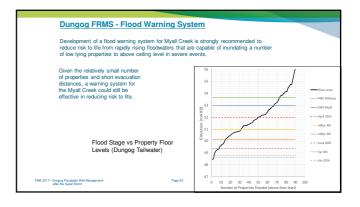
Compariso	~ ~	of April 2015 Floo Vater Levels and Flow to		vents
	AEP / ARI	Hooke St Peak Flood Level (m AHD)	Bennett Bridge Peak Discharge (m ³ /s)	
	5% / 20yr	49.41	256	
	2% / 50yr	49.82	324	
	1% / 100yr	50.2	383	
	0.5% / 200yr	50.64	444	
	0.2% / 500yr	51.11	533	
	PMF (3 x 100yr)	53.00	1174	
	April 2015	52.00	722	
	June 2007	49.4 (observed)	250 (est.)	
April 2015	water level was n	early 1m higher than M	lyall Ck. 500yr ARI E	vent
April 2015	water level was 1	m lower than Myall Ck.	PMF Event	
April 2015	discharge was 1.	9 x 100yr ARI discharge	е	- 4



Flood modification measures	
O1) Major Myall Creek (Road and Rail) Bridge Modifications	
O2) Minor Myall Creek (Road and Rail) Bridge Modifications	
O3) Myall Creek Levee with Pumps	
O4) Myall Creek Levee with Diversion Culverts	
O5) Vegetation Removal with Scour Protection	
O6) Dungog Showground Detention Basin Augmentation	
O7) Dungog North-West Detention Basin	
Property modification measures	
O8) Voluntary House Raising (VHR)	
O9) Voluntary House Purchase (VP)	
Response modification measures	
O10) Flood Warning System	
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 Durago Floodolain Risk Management Page 19	Royal HaskoningDH

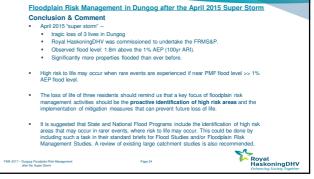
Dungo	g FRM	S Mitiga	tion Op	otions S	Summar	У		
Summary of Peak Flood Levels								
	Design Conditions AEP / ARI	BC Existing / Base Case	O1 Major Bridge Upgrade	O2 Minor Bridge Upgrade	O3 Levee with Pumping	O4 Levee with Diversion Culvert	O5 Channel Vegetation Clearance	
	20% / 5yr	48.78	48.51	48.57	47.13	48.46	48.56	
	5% / 20yr	49.41	49.03	49.07	48.31	49.05	49.10	
	2% / 50yr	49.82	49.31	49.34	48.79	49.23	49.45	
	1% / 100yr	50.2	49.84	49.89	49.16	49.84	49.99	
G	0.5% / 200yr	50.64	50.25	50.30	49.59	50.05	50.43	
Q	0.2% / 500yr	51.11	50.70	50.72	50.12	50.40	50.90	
	PMF*	53.22	53.18	53.18	53.22	53.22	53.21	
	April 2015	51.98	50.61	50.82	51.48	51.20	51.61	
A 2017 – Dungog Floodplain Risk after the Super Storm	Management			Page 20			7	Royal Haskoning

Du	ngog FRMS Mitigatio	on Ont	ione S	umm	NEW.			
Du	ingog Frimo miligalio	лорі	10115 3	umma	<u>ii y</u>			
Sur	nmary of Damages and B/C	Ratios						
	Option	AAD	NPV of Damage	Cost Of Option	Option Benefit Relative to Base Case	Benefit/Cost Relative to Base Case	Reduction in Damages (%)	
	Base Case for Comparison	\$230k	\$3.4M	n'a	n/a	n'a	n/a	
	O1 - Major Bridge Upgrade	\$105k	\$1.56M	\$6.8M	\$1.84M	0.27	54%	
	O2 - Minor Bridge Upgrade	\$126k	\$1.87M	\$4.4M	\$1.53M	0.35	45%	
	O3 - Levee with Pumping (5m3/s)	\$66k	\$0.98M	\$8.0M	\$2.42M	0.30	71%	
	04 - Levee with Diversion Culvert	\$101k	\$1.5M	\$7.0M	\$1.90M	0.27	56%	
	05 - Channel Vegetation Clearance	\$138k	\$2.05M	\$4.2M	\$1.35M	0.32	40%	
	08 - VHR 7 properties, DEMO 6 Properties	\$159k	\$2.35M	\$470,000	\$1.04M	2.23	31%	
	09 - VP 3 properties, VHR 4 properties, DEMO 6 Properties	\$146k	\$2.2M	\$1.2M	\$1.23M	1.01	36%	
017 – Dungog Flo after the Su	odplain Risk Management per Storm		Page 21				Z	Royal HaskoningDH Enhancing Society Toget



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Du	Ingog FRMS - Flood Warning System		್ಷಿ
		Carlos A Los A	
Re	commendations	and the second sec	
1	It is recommended that a flood warning system is implemented to reduce fear in the community and protect against further tragedy.	3 Hooke St	a
1	A simple rainfall based system, is unlikely to fit in with community expectations of a flood warning system due to the potential for false positive warnings.	NO SHE	
	A water level based flood warning system would provide a higher degree of certainty in the warning and can be more easily related to the degree of flood risk.	Brown St	The second
	In order to increase available warning times, the addition of rainfall based triggers is recommended.	ふたん い 市 よ	2
	The use of predicted (i.e. forecast) rainfall products should also be considered, to provide even greater flood warning times.	Londs	is 6
1	Increased flood warning times would assist emergency services such as the SES coordinate resources during severe flood events.	LEBEO HERRINGSGORDER Date of the set	Dowlin
	oodplain Risk Management Page 23 upper Storm	Th AP from Prof Cort * Repeated Stage 13to Laune	





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